

# Automatic Inference of Access Permissions

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VMCAI 2012, Philadelphia, U.S.A.

# Access permissions

- OO programs
- Modular reasoning
  - > Design by Contracts
- Side effects
  - > Problem for modular reasoning!
- Restrict this scenario:
  - > Access a location iff we have the permission

```
class Coord {  
    int x, y;  
    //requires acc(x)  
    //ensures acc(x)  
    //ensures x==t  
    void updateX(int t) {  
        x=t;  
    }  
}
```

```
void test(Coord c) {  
    c.x=1;  
    c.y=1;  
    c.updateX(-1);  
    assert(c.y==1);  
}
```



# Permission Transfer

- Permissions may be transferred between
  - > methods
  - > threads
    - e.g., acquire/release
- A method should
  - > require what it needs
  - > give back what it owns
- Add perm.: inhale
- Remove perm.: exhale

```
class Coord {  
    int x, y;  
    //requires acc(x)  
    //ensures acc(x)  
    //ensures x==t  
    void updateX(int t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

acc(c.x)

acc(c.x)

```
//requires acc(c.x)  
//requires acc(c.y)  
void test(Coord c) {  
    c.x=1; acc(c.x)&&acc(c.y)  
    c.y=1;  
    c.updateX(-1);  
    assert(c.y==1);  
}
```

acc(c.x)&&acc(c.y)

# Permission Transfer

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class Coord {  
    int x, y;  
    //requires acc(x)  
    //ensures acc(x)  
    //ensures x==t  
    void updateX(int t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

acc(c.x)

```
//requires acc(c.x)  
//requires acc(c.y)  
void test(Coord c) {  
    c.x=1; acc(c.x)&&acc(c.y)  
    c.y=1; acc(c.y)  
    fork c.updateX(-1) acc(c.y)  
    fork c.updateX(1);  
}
```



# Fine-grained Permissions

- **Full permission:**
  - > Read&write access
- **Partial permission:**
  - > Read access
- **No permission:**
  - > No access
- **Fine-grained:**
  - > Fractional, counting, Chalice, ...

```
class Coord {  
    //invariant acc(x, 50%)  
    int x, y;  
    //requires acc(x, 50%)  
    //ensures acc(x, 50%)  
    //ensures x=t ✓  
    void updateX(int t) {  
        acquire this;  
        x=t;  
        release this;  
    }  
}
```

this.x ↦ 50%  
+50%

Read access on this.x

# Motivations and goals

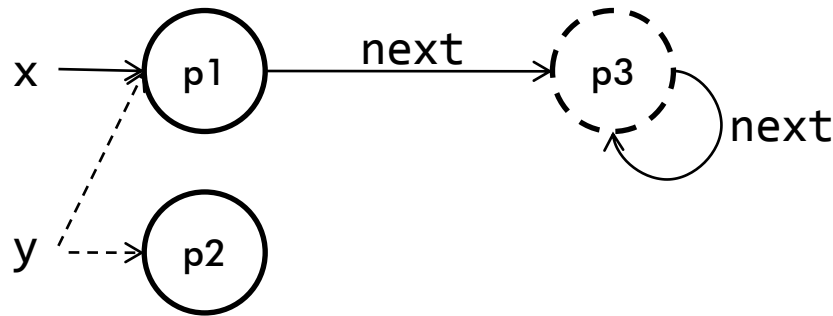
- **Annotation overhead of permissions**
  - > Quite verbose
  - > The code already contains all the accesses
- **Start with a program without annotation**
- **Apply static analysis**
  - > Based on abstract interpretation
  - > To infer the permissions that could be specified
    - Strong enough to perform the heap accesses
    - As weak as possible

# Outline

1. Introduction
2. Symbolic permissions
3. Annotation inference
4. Experimental results & Conclusion

# Heap Abstraction

- Not a contribution of this work
- Generic approach
  - > Given a heap access, it returns a heap id



- Implemented a simple standard analysis
  - > Abstract heap nodes with program points
  - > Apply other heap analyses, e.g., TVLA

# Symbolic Permissions

- Many ways to specify permissions
- Symbolic values
  - > Pre-conditions:
    - $Pre(C, m, p.f)$
    - Method  $m$  in class  $C$  over path  $p.f$
  - > Post-conditions
  - > Monitor invariants
- Symbolic values:  $\overline{SV}$

```
class Coord {  
  int x, y;  
  void updateX(int t) {  
    acquire this;  
    x=t;  
    release this;  
  }  
}
```

$this.x \mapsto Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, this.x)$   
 $this.y \mapsto Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, this.y)$

???

Precondition+Monitor invariant!

# Symbolic Levels

- Inhale and exhale
  - > several times
  - > on the same location
- Sum of symbolic values
  - > At a given pp
  - > For each location
- Values:

```
class Coord {  
  int x, y;  
  void updateX(int t) {  
    acquire this;  
    x=t;  
    release this;  
  }  
}
```

$\text{this.x} \mapsto$

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.x})$   
 $+ MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.x})$

$\text{this.y} \mapsto$

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.y})$   
 $+ MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.y})$

$$\overline{AV} = \left\{ \sum_i a_i * s_i + c \text{ where } a_i, c \in \mathbb{Z}, s_i \in \overline{SV} \right\}$$

# Lattice Structure

- **Surely owned permissions**
- **Upper bound**  
> Minimum
- **Goal**  
> Infer enough permissions to perform the heap accesses contained in the code

```
if(...)  
    c = new Coord();  
else ...;  
c.x=5;
```

$c.x \mapsto \text{full}$   
 $c.y \mapsto \text{full}$

$\gamma$

$\{\text{full}\}$

$\sqcup$

$c.x \mapsto 0$   
 $c.y \mapsto 0$

$\gamma$

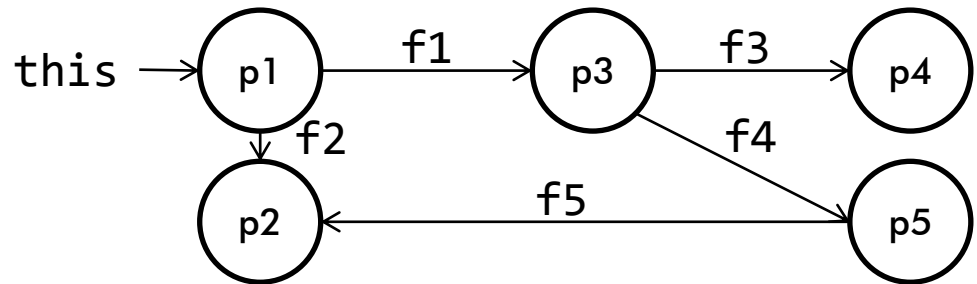
$\{0, \dots, \text{full}\}$

$=$

$c.x \mapsto 0$   
 $c.y \mapsto 0$

# What could be specified?

- **Reachable( $\overline{reach}$ )**
  1. Start from local variables
  2. Fields of added nodes
  3. Until we visit all reachable nodes
    - They are finite
    - We compute *one* of the shortest paths
  4. Rename the paths



1<sup>st</sup> step:

p1 reachable through this

2<sup>nd</sup> step:

p2 reachable through this.f2

p3 reachable through this.f1

3<sup>rd</sup> step:

p4 reachable through this.f1.f3

p5 reachable through this.f1.f4

# Abstract Semantics

- Based on inhale (+) and exhale (-)
  - > Method call
    - Exhale precondition
    - Inhale postcondition
  - > Acquire a monitor
    - Inhale invariant
  - > Release a monitor
    - Exhale invariant
- Rely on  $\overline{reach}$

```
class Coord {  
    int x, y;  
    void updateX(int t) {  
        acquire this;  
        x=t;  
        release this;  
    }  
}
```

$this.x \mapsto$   
 $Pre(Coord, updateX, this.x)$   
 $+ MI(Coord, this.x)$

$this.y \mapsto$   
 $Pre(Coord, updateX, this.y)$   
 $+ MI(Coord, this.y)$

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# Constraint Inference

- Heap accesses impose constraints:

> Write: full

> Read: non-zero

- Inhale:  $\bar{s} \leq \text{full}$

- Exhale:  $\bar{s} \geq 0$

- $\forall \bar{s} \in \overline{SV} : 0 \leq \bar{s} \leq \text{full}$

- $\text{Post}(C, m, \dots) == \text{exit}$

```
class Coord {  
    int x, y;  
    void updateX(int t) {  
        acquire this;  
        x=t;  
        release this;  
    }  
}
```

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this}.)$   
+  $MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this}.) \leq \text{full}$

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this}.x)$   
+  $MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this}.x) == \text{full}$

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this}.) \geq 0$

$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this}.) ==$   
 $Post(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this}.)$

# Permission Systems

- Various systems

- > Fractional

- > Counting

- > Chalice

- Combination

- Parameters

- > Full perm.

- > Fractional perm.

- > Infinitesimal perm.

- > Read perm.

System	full	fract	infin	ensRd(p)
Fractional	1	✓	✗	$p > 0$
Counting	MAX	✗	✗	$p \geq 1$
Chalice	100	✓	✓	$p \geq \epsilon$

- $Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) + MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.}_) \leq 1$
- $Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.x}) + MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.x}) == 1$
- $Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) \geq 0$
- $Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) == Post(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_)$

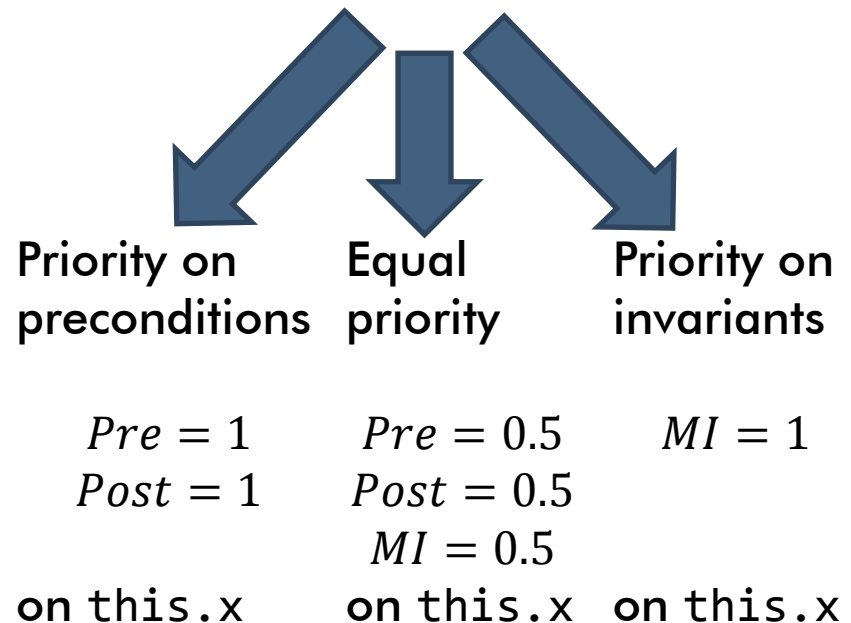
# Linear Programming

- **Linear programming**
  - > Solve our system
- **Objective function:**
  - >  $\sum_i n_i * s_i$  where
    - n: integer coefficient
    - s: symbolic value
  - > Minimize it
    - Goal: permissions as weak as possible
  - > Higher coefficient  $\Rightarrow$  lower priority

$$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) + MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.}_) \leq 1$$

$$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.x}) + MI(\text{Coord}, \text{this.x}) == 1$$

$$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) \geq 0$$

$$Pre(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_) == Post(\text{Coord}, \text{updateX}, \text{this.}_)$$


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# Experimental Results

- Implemented in Sample
  - > Generic static analyzer
- Intel Core 2 Quad CPU 2.83 Ghz
  - > 4 GB RAM
  - > Windows 7
- Fast
- Precise

Program	Time (msec)	% inf. contr.
Fig1	45	100%
Fig2	12	100%
Fig3	9	100%
Fig4	3	100%
Fig5	143	100%
Fig6	53	100%
Fig11	15	100%
Fig12	15	100%
Fig13	706	100%
OwickiGries	164	100%
Cell	115	100%
Linkedlist	78	100%
Swap	10	100%
AssociationList	668	36%
HandOverHand	564	36%
Master	76	100%
CellLib	148	100%
CompositePattern	1217	71%
Spouse	221	100%
Account	12	100%
Stack	76	67%
Iterator	46	100%

Chalice's tutorial

Chalice's distribution

Vericool

Verifast

# Conclusion

- **Static analysis to infer symbolic permissions**
- **System of linear constraints**
  - > Imposed by the semantics
- **Solved using linear programming**
  - > Many possible solutions
    - Priorities through the objective function
- **Implemented**
  - > Fast and precise